1	SPECIAL SESSION
2	H.13
3	Representative Beck of St. Johnsbury moves that the bill be amended as
4	follows:
5	First: In Sec. D.101 (fund transfers, reversions, reserves), by inserting a
6	subdivision (a)(4) to read as follows:
7	(4)(A) Of the \$34,500,000 in funds carried forward under subdivision
8	C.1000(d)(2) of this act, \$33,800,000 shall be transferred to the Education
9	Fund in fiscal year 2019.
10	(B) Beginning in fiscal year 2020, and each fiscal year after that, an
11	amount equal to \$14,000,000 minus the Act 46 incentive amount for that fiscal
12	year shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the General Fund.
13	(i) As used in this subsection (a), the term "Act 46 incentive
14	amount" means the amount of revenue forgone as a result of the statewide
15	property tax incentives permitted to school districts under 2015 Acts and
16	Resolves No. 46, Secs. 6 and 7. The Act 46 incentive amount shall be
17	determined by the Commissioner of Taxes, after consultation with the
18	Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Administration, and the Joint Fiscal
19	Office, and published in the December 1 letter required by 32 V.S.A. § 5402b.

1	(ii) When the amounts transferred under this subdivision (B) have
2	equaled the amounts transferred under subdivision (A), this subdivision (B)
3	shall be repealed effective on July 1 of the following fiscal year.
4	Second: By striking out Secs. H.8–11 (allocation of revenue and yields)
5	and H.13 (effective dates) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
6	* * * Allocation of Education Funds * * *
7	Sec. H.8 16 V.S.A. § 4025 is amended to read:
8	§ 4025. EDUCATION FUND
9	(a) The Education Fund is established to comprise the following:
10	(1) All all revenue paid to the State from the statewide education tax on
11	nonresidential and homestead property under 32 V.S.A. chapter 135-:
12	(2) For each fiscal year, the amount of the general funds appropriated
13	and transferred to the Education Fund shall be \$305,900,000.00, to be
14	increased annually beginning for fiscal year 2018 by the consensus Joint Fiscal
15	Office and Administration determination of the National Income and Product
16	Accounts (NIPA) Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government
17	Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment as reported by the U.S.
18	Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis through the fiscal
19	year for which the payment is being determined, plus an additional one-tenth
20	of one percent. [Repealed.]

1	(3) Revenues revenues from State lotteries under 31 V.S.A. chapter 14,
2	and from any multijurisdictional lottery game authorized under that chapter-:
3	(4) 25 percent of the revenues from the meals and rooms taxes imposed
4	under 32 V.S.A. chapter 225;
5	(5) One-third <u>one-third</u> of the revenues raised from the purchase and use
6	tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 219, notwithstanding 19 V.S.A. § 11(1)-:
7	(6) Thirty-six percent of the revenues raised from the sales and use tax
8	imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 233-;
9	(7) Medicaid reimbursement funds pursuant to subsection 2959a(f) of
10	this title.
11	(b) Monies in the Education Fund shall be used for the following:
12	(1) To make payments to school districts and supervisory unions for the
13	support of education in accordance with the provisions of section 4028 of this
14	title, other provisions of this chapter, and the provisions of 32 V.S.A.
15	chapter 135, to make payments to carry out programs of adult education in
16	accordance with section 945 of this title, and to provide funding for the
17	community high school of Vermont and the Flexible Pathways Initiative
18	established by section 941 of this title, but excluding adult education and
19	literacy programs under section 945 of this title.
20	* * *

1	(3) To make payments required under 32 V.S.A. § $6066(a)(1) \frac{and (2)}{and (2)}$
2	and only that portion attributable to education taxes, as determined by the
3	Commissioner of Taxes, of payments required under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(3)
4	and 6066(b) and (4). The State Treasurer shall withdraw funds from the
5	Education Fund upon warrants issued by the Commissioner of Finance and
6	Management based on information supplied by the Commissioner of Taxes.
7	The Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for
8	disbursements from the Fund in anticipation of receipts. All balances in the
9	Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of
10	the Fund. Interest accruing from the Fund shall remain in the Fund.
11	* * *
12	(c) An equalization and reappraisal account is established within the
13	Education Fund. Monies from this account are to be used by the Division of
14	Property Valuation and Review to assist towns with maintenance or reappraisal
15	on a case-by-case basis; and for reappraisal and grand list maintenance
16	assistance payments pursuant to 32 V.S.A. §§ 4041a and 5405(f). [Repealed.]
17	* * *
18	Sec. H.9 32 V.S.A. § 435(b) is amended to read:
19	(b) The General Fund shall be composed of revenues from the following
20	sources:
21	* * *

1	(7) Meals $\underline{75}$ percent of the meals and rooms taxes levied pursuant to
2	chapter 225 of this title;
3	* * *
4	(11) 64 percent of the revenue from sales and use taxes levied pursuant
5	to chapter 233 of this title; [Repealed.]
6	* * *
7	Sec. H.9a REPORT
8	On or before January 1, 2024, the Joint Fiscal Office shall report to the
9	House Committees on Appropriations and on Ways and Means and the Senate
10	Committees on Appropriations and on Finance on the impact of the changes in
11	Secs. H.8 and H.9 of this act reallocating the revenues generated for the
12	General Fund and Education Fund.
13	* * * Calculation of Homestead Property Tax Rates * * *
14	Sec. H.10 32 V.S.A. § 5401 is amended to read:
15	§ 5401. DEFINITIONS
16	As used in this chapter:
17	* * *
18	(13)(A)(i) "Education For districts with education spending per
19	equalized pupil that is equal to or in excess of the base spending amount,
20	"education property tax spending adjustment" means the greater of: one or a
21	fraction in which the numerator is the district's education spending plus excess

1	spending, per equalized pupil, above the base spending amount for the school
2	year; and the denominator is the property dollar equivalent yield for the school
3	year, as defined in subdivision (15) of this section.
4	(ii) For districts with education spending per equalized pupil that
5	is less than the base spending amount, the education property tax spending
6	adjustment shall be zero.
7	(B) "Education income tax spending adjustment" means the greater
8	of: one or a fraction in which the numerator is the district's education
9	spending plus excess spending, per equalized pupil, for the school year; and
10	the denominator is the income dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as
11	defined in subdivision (16) of this section. [Repealed.]
12	* * *
13	(15) "Property dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of education
14	spending per equalized pupil that would result if the homestead tax rate were
15	\$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value, and the statutory
16	reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were
17	maintained, calculated as if total statewide education spending per equalized
18	pupil were equal to the total statewide education spending per equalized pupil
19	minus the total statewide base spending amount per equalized pupil.
20	(16) "Income dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of spending per
21	equalized pupil that would result if the income percentage in subdivision

1	6066(a)(2) of this title were 2.0 percent, and the statutory reserves under
2	16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were maintained. "Base
3	income percentage" means a percentage set by the General Assembly each
4	year under subsection 5402b(b) of this title.
5	(17) "Base spending amount" means the amount that results from the
6	following calculation:
7	(A) the sum of the total projected Education Fund revenue sources
8	under 16 V.S.A. § 4025(a)(1)-(7) for the following fiscal year, plus any surplus
9	from the prior fiscal year, minus the total projected amount of revenue raised
10	by the statewide education homestead tax in the following fiscal year, without
11	regard to any adjustment under chapter 154 of this title; minus
12	(B) an amount equal to the projected Education Fund expenditures
13	for the following fiscal year, minus the projected education payments under
14	16 V.S.A. § 4028 for the following fiscal year, and plus any projected transfer
15	to the Education Fund Budget Stabilization Reserve Fund established under
16	<u>16 V.S.A. § 4026; plus</u>
17	(C) the projected amount of revenue raised by the statewide
18	education homestead tax that would result if the homestead tax rate were \$1.00
19	per \$100.00 of equalized education property value in the following fiscal year:
20	divided by

1	(D) the total projected count of equalized pupils in the following
2	fiscal year.
3	Sec. H.11 32 V.S.A. § 5402 is amended to read:
4	§ 5402. EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX LIABILITY
5	(a) A statewide education tax is imposed on all nonresidential and
6	homestead property at the following rates:
7	(1) The tax rate for nonresidential property shall be $$1.59$ per $$100.00$.
8	(2) The tax rate for homestead property shall be $\$1.00 \text{ multiplied by plus}$
9	the education property tax spending adjustment for the municipality per
10	\$100.00 of equalized education property value as most recently determined
11	under section 5405 of this title. The homestead property tax rate for each
12	municipality which that is a member of a union or unified union school district
13	shall be calculated as required under subsection (e) of this section.
14	* * *
15	Sec. H.12 32 V.S.A. § 5402b is amended to read:
16	§ 5402b. STATEWIDE EDUCATION TAX YIELDS;
17	RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER
18	(a) Annually, no later than on or before December 1, the Commissioner of
19	Taxes, after consultation with the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of
20	Administration, and the Joint Fiscal Office, shall calculate and recommend a
21	property dollar equivalent yield, an income dollar equivalent yield a base

<u>icate the</u> prior ne: title is le n were
ne: title is le
title is le
le
n were
n were
ill
edian
nange in
tment
lollar
ecretary

VT LEG #334177 v.4

1	base spending amount for the upcoming fiscal year. The Emergency Board
2	shall review the calculation at its January meeting and shall adopt a base
3	spending amount for the upcoming fiscal year.
4	* * * Yield, Applicable Percentage and Nonresidential Rate for
5	Fiscal Year 2019 * * *
6	Sec. H.13 PROPERTY DOLLAR EQUIVALENT YIELD AND BASE
7	INCOME PERCENTAGE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019
8	(a) Pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(b), for fiscal year 2019 only, the
9	property dollar equivalent yield shall be \$10,251.
10	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for fiscal year 2019 only,
11	the base income percentage under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(2) shall be 1.66.
12	(c) The nonresidential rate for fiscal year 2019 shall be the statutory default
13	rate of \$1.535 per \$100 of equalized education property value under 32 V.S.A.
14	<u>§ 5402(a)(2).</u>
15	* * * Statewide Education Property Tax Bills * * *
16	Sec. H.14 32 V.S.A. § 5402(b) is amended to read:
17	(b) The statewide education tax shall be calculated as follows:
18	* * *
19	(2) Taxes assessed under this section shall be assessed and collected in
20	the same manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax
21	classification other than as homestead or nonresidential property; provided,

1	however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer
2	by the municipality in a manner that clearly indicates the tax is separate from
3	any other tax assessed and collected under chapter 133, including an
4	itemization of the separate taxes due. The bill may be on a single sheet of
5	paper with the statewide education tax and other taxes presented separately and
6	side by side.
7	* * *
8	Sec. H.15 32 V.S.A. § 6066a(f) is amended to read:
9	(f) Property tax bills.
10	(1) For taxpayers and amounts stated in the notice to towns on July 1,
11	municipalities shall create and send to taxpayers a homestead property tax bill,
12	instead of the bill required under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title, providing
13	the total amount allocated to payment of homestead education property tax
14	liabilities and notice of the balance due. Nothing in this subdivision, however,
15	shall be interpreted as altering the requirement under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of
16	this title that the statewide education homestead tax be billed in a manner that
17	is stated clearly and separately from any other tax. Municipalities shall apply
18	the amount allocated under this chapter to current-year property taxes in equal
19	amounts to each of the taxpayers' property tax installments that include
20	education taxes. Notwithstanding section 4772 of this title, if a town issues a
21	corrected bill as a result of the November 1 notice sent by the Commissioner

VT LEG #334177 v.4

1	under subsection (a) of this section, issuance of such the corrected new bill
2	does not extend the time for payment of the original bill, nor relieve the
3	taxpayer of any interest or penalties associated with the original bill. If the
4	corrected bill is less than the original bill, and there are also no unpaid current
5	year current-year taxes, interest, or penalties and no past year past-year
6	delinquent taxes or penalties and interest charges, any overpayment shall be
7	reflected on the corrected tax bill and refunded to the taxpayer.
8	* * *
9	* * * Property Tax Adjustments * * *
10	Sec. H.16 32 V.S.A. § 6066 is amended to read:
11	§ 6066. COMPUTATION OF ADJUSTMENT
12	(a) An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the year in
13	which the claim is filed shall be entitled to an adjustment amount determined
14	as follows:
15	(1)(A) For a claimant with household income of \$90,000.00 or more:
16	(i) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
17	value of the housesite in the taxable year;
18	(ii) minus (if less) the sum of:
19	(I) the income percentage of household income for the taxable
20	year; plus

1	(II) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the
2	equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of $\frac{250,000.00}{250,000.00}$
3	<u>\$200,000.00</u> .
4	(B) For a claimant with household income of less than \$90,000.00
5	but more than \$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the
6	equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year, minus (if less) the sum of:
7	(i) the income percentage of household income for the taxable
8	year; plus
9	(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
10	value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$500,000.00
11	<u>\$400,000.00</u> .
12	(C) For a claimant whose household income does not exceed
13	\$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value
14	of the housesite in the taxable year, minus the lesser of:
15	(i) the sum of the income percentage of household income for the
16	taxable year plus the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
17	value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$500,000.00
18	<u>\$400,000.00;</u> or
19	(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
20	value of the housesite in the taxable year reduced by \$15,000.00.

1	(2) "Income percentage" in the	nis section means two perce	nt, <u>the base</u>
2	income percentage adopted by the C	General Assembly for the fis	cal year, plus
3	the base income percentage multipl	ied by the education income	property tax
4	spending adjustment under subdivis	tion 5401(13) (B)(A) of this	title for the
5	property tax year which that begins	in the claim year for the mu	inicipality in
6	which the homestead residence is lo	ocated.	
7	(3) A claimant whose househ	old income does not exceed	\$47,000.00
8	shall also be entitled to an additiona	l adjustment amount <u>from t</u>	he claimant's
9	municipal taxes for the upcoming fi	scal year that is equal to the	amount by
10	which the municipal property taxes	for the municipal fiscal yea	r which <u>that</u>
11	began in the taxable year upon the c	claimant's housesite , reduce	d by the
12	adjustment amount determined und	er subdivisions (1) and (2) o	f this
13	subsection, exceeds exceed a percer	ntage of the claimant's hous	ehold income
14	for the taxable year as follows:		
15	If household income (rounded to	then the taxpayer is en	titled to
16	the nearest dollar) is:	credit for the reduced proj	perty tax in
17		excess of this percent of the	hat income:
18	\$0.00 - 9,999.00	2.0	<u>1.50</u>
19	\$10,000.00 - 24,999.00	4.5	
20	\$25,000.00 - 47,000.00	5.0	
21	<u>\$10,000.00 - 47,000.00</u>		<u>3.00</u>

1	(4) A claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00
2	shall also be entitled to an additional adjustment amount from the claimant's
3	statewide education tax for the upcoming fiscal year that is equal to the amount
4	by which the education property tax for the municipal fiscal year that began in
5	the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite, reduced by the adjustment
6	amount determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, exceeds a
7	percentage of the claimant's household income for the taxable year as follows:
8	If household income (rounded to then the taxpayer is entitled to
9	the nearest dollar) is: credit for the reduced property tax in
10	excess of this percent of that income:
11	<u>\$0.00 - 9,999.00</u> <u>0.5</u>
12	<u>\$10,000.00 - 24,999.00</u> <u>1.5</u>
13	<u>\$25,000.00 - 47,000.00</u> <u>2.0</u>
14	(4)(5) In no event shall the credit provided for in subdivision (3) or (4)
15	of this subsection exceed the amount of the reduced property tax. The
16	adjustments under subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall be
17	calculated considering only the tax due on the first \$400,000.00 in equalized
18	housesite value.
19	* * *

- 1 Sec. H.17 32 V.S.A. § 6067 is amended to read: 2 § 6067. CREDIT LIMITATIONS 3 Only one individual per household per taxable year shall be entitled to a 4 benefit under this chapter. An individual who received a homestead exemption 5 or adjustment with respect to property taxes assessed by another state for the 6 taxable year shall not be entitled to receive an adjustment under this chapter. 7 No taxpayer shall receive an adjustment under subsection 6066(b) of this title 8 in excess of \$3,000.00. No taxpayer shall receive total adjustments under this 9 chapter in excess of \$8,000.00 related to any one property tax year an 10 adjustment under subdivision 6066(a)(3) of this title greater than \$2,400.00 or 11 a cumulative adjustment under subdivisions 6066(a)(1)-(2) and (4) of this title 12 greater than \$5,600.00. * * * Excess Spending * * * 13 14 Sec. H.18 REPEALS 15 The following are repealed: 16 (1) 16 V.S.A. § 4001(6)(B) (definition of education spending for the 17 purpose of excess spending).
- 18 (2) 32 V.S.A. § 5401(12) (excess spending penalty).

1	Sec. H.19 16 V.S.A. § 4011(i) is amended to read:
2	(i) Annually, by on or before October 1, the Secretary shall send to school
3	boards for inclusion in town reports and publish on the Agency website the
4	following information:
5	(1) the statewide average district spending per equalized pupil for the
6	current fiscal year; and 125 percent of that average spending; and
7	(2) a statewide comparison of student-teacher ratios among schools that
8	are similar in number of students and number of grades.
9	Sec. H.20 24 V.S.A. § 2804(b) is amended to read:
10	(b) If a reserve fund is established under subsection (a) of this section to
11	pay a school district's future school capital construction costs approved under
12	16 V.S.A. chapter 123, any funds raised by the district as part of its education
13	spending to pay for those future costs shall be considered "approved school
14	capital construction spending" in calculating excess spending under 32 V.S.A.
15	$\frac{95401(12)}{12}$. Districts shall submit to the Agency of Education annually a
16	report of deposits into and expenditures from a school capital construction
17	reserve fund. If the Agency of Education determines that any amount in the
18	reserve fund has not been used for approved school capital construction within
19	five years after deposit into the fund, then 150 percent of that amount shall be
20	added to the district's education spending in the then-current year for purposes

1	of calculating the excess spending penalty. The definitions in 16 V.S.A.
2	chapter 133 shall apply to this subsection.
3	* * * Vermont Tax Structure Commission * * *
4	Sec. H.21 VERMONT TAX STRUCTURE COMMISSION
5	(a) There is hereby established the Vermont Tax Structure Commission
6	composed of three to five members to be selected as follows:
7	(1) the Speaker of the House, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate,
8	and the Governor shall each appoint one member; and
9	(2) the three members appointed pursuant to subdivision (1) of this
10	subsection may select one or two additional members, based on a majority
11	<u>vote.</u>
12	(b) The Commission shall be appointed as soon as possible after the
13	effective date of this act. The Commission shall elect a chair and a vice chair
14	from among its members.
15	(c) The Commission shall prepare a structural analysis of the State's
16	revenue system and offer recommendations for improvements and
17	modernization and provide a long-term vision for the tax structure. The
18	Commission's analysis shall include a review of Vermont's income taxes,
19	consumption-based taxes, the education financing system, tax expenditures,
20	and property and asset-based taxes. The Commission shall have as its goal a
21	tax system that provides sustainability, appropriateness, and equity. For

VT LEG #334177 v.4

1	guidance, the Commission may use the Principles of a High-Quality State
2	Revenue System as prepared by the National Conference of State Legislatures.
3	A high-quality revenue system:
4	(1) Comprises elements that are complementary, including the finances
5	of both state and local governments.
6	(2) Produces revenue in a reliable manner. Reliability involves stability,
7	certainty, and sufficiency.
8	(3) Relies on a balanced variety of revenue sources.
9	(4) Treats individuals equitably. Minimum requirements of an equitable
10	system are that it imposes similar tax burdens on people in similar
11	circumstances, it minimizes regressivity, and it minimizes taxes on individuals
12	with low income.
13	(5) Facilitates taxpayer compliance. It is easy to understand and
14	minimizes compliance costs.
15	(6) Promotes fair, efficient, and effective administration. It is as simple
16	as possible to administer, raises revenue efficiently, is administered
17	professionally, and is applied uniformly.
18	(7) Is responsive to interstate and international economic competition.
19	(8) Minimizes its involvement in spending decisions and makes any
20	such involvement explicit.
21	(9) Is accountable to taxpayers.

1	(d) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the work of the
2	Commission not supplant or delay the normal Legislative and Executive
3	Branch review and alteration of tax and revenue issues under State law.
4	(e) The Commission shall begin its work by:
5	(1) updating and incorporating the relevant work of the Blue Ribbon
6	Tax Structure Commission created by the 2009 Spec. Sess. Acts and Resolves,
7	<u>No. 1;</u>
8	(2) updating and incorporating work from the existing studies of
9	Vermont's education finance system since the enactment of 1998 Acts and
10	Resolves, No. 60 and 2004 Acts and Resolves, No. 68;
11	(f) The Commission shall submit a two-year work plan and budget to the
12	Joint Fiscal Committee, the Senate Committee on Finance, and the House
13	Committee on Ways and Means by February 15, 2019. The work plan shall
14	outline the work the Commission intends to complete in its review of
15	Vermont's income taxes, consumption-based taxes, education financing
16	system, tax expenditures, and property and asset-based taxes. The final report
17	of the Commission shall be made to the General Assembly on or before
18	January 15, 2021.
19	(g) The Commission shall receive technical support from the Department
20	of Taxes, the legislative Joint Fiscal Office, and consultants.

1	(h) The Joint Fiscal Office with the assistance of the Legislative Council
2	and the Department of Taxes may contract with one or more consultants or hire
3	a limited service position to provide assistance with achieving the goals for the
4	Commission. The consultants shall have extensive experience with state tax
5	systems and shall have participated in at least one other study of a state tax
6	system.
7	(i) Members of the Commission shall be entitled to compensation as
8	provided under 32 V.S.A. § 1010.
9	* * * JFO Report * * *
10	Sec. H.22 24 V.S.A. § 1892(g) is amended to read:
11	(g) Beginning in 2019 and annually 2021 and every four years thereafter,
12	on or before January 15 of each year, the Joint Fiscal Office, with the
13	assistance of the consulting Legislative Economist, the Department of Taxes,
14	and the Agency of Commerce and Community Development in consultation
15	with the Vermont Economic Progress Council, shall examine the
16	recommendations and conclusions of the tax increment financing capacity
17	study and report created pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, and shall
18	submit to the Emergency Board and to the House Committees on Commerce
19	and Economic Development and on Ways and Means and the Senate
20	Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on
21	Finance an updated summary report that includes:

1	* * *
2	* * * Staff-to-Student Ratios Task Force * * *
3	Sec. H.23 STAFF-TO-STUDENT RATIOS TASK FORCE
4	(a) Creation. There is created the Staff-to-Student Ratios Task Force, a
5	collaborative effort among government, nonprofit organizations, research
6	experts, and other education stakeholders, that will strive best to ensure
7	education quality while simultaneously ensuring fiscal efficiency in the context
8	of the State's declining student population. Specifically, the Task Force is
9	charged with:
10	(1) reviewing current staff-to-student count ratios for specific categories
11	of schools and school district configurations, and establishing optimal target
12	ratios for different school district configurations;
13	(2) identifying barriers that hamper staffing flexibility at the local level,
14	including whether aspects of the regulatory environment, including mandatory
15	staffing requirements and collective bargaining or other contractual
16	obligations, contribute to lower staff-to-student ratios;
17	(3) aligning to the greatest extent possible the work of the Task Force
18	with existing research findings and reports, based on studies conducted either
19	nationally or in New England, concerning optimal classroom practices and
20	resources, and class and school sizes for successful learning outcomes, and the
21	impact of population decline on rural schools;

1	(4) attending to compliance with federal rules and regulations, so as to
2	avoid jeopardizing the State's federal funding;
3	(5) determining a mechanism or mechanisms that account for the effects
4	of familial and community level poverty and human services need, including
5	student experiences of trauma and familial or community level addiction, on
6	staffing ratios;
7	(6) considering the impact on staff-to-student ratios due to students'
8	enrollment with independent schools; and
9	(7) developing recommended strategies for districts to help them meet
10	targets.
11	(b) Membership. The Task Force shall be composed of the following
12	members:
13	(1) the Secretary of Education or designee;
14	(2) the Executive Director of the Vermont Superintendents Association
15	or designee;
16	(3) the Executive Director of the Vermont School Boards Association or
17	designee;
18	(4) the Executive Director of the Vermont Principals' Association or
19	designee;
20	(5) the Executive Director of the Vermont-National Education
21	Association or designee;

1	(6) one member selected by the Vermont Association of School
2	Business Officials;
3	(7) two to four members from Vermont postsecondary institutions,
4	selected by the Task Force, who have expertise in areas among the following:
5	multi-age classrooms and teaching strategies, interdisciplinary instruction,
6	school realignment and reconfiguration, and the impact of community poverty,
7	trauma, or addiction on education staffing; and
8	(8) a national expert in rural education, selected by the Task Force.
9	(c) Assistance. The Task Force shall have technical assistance from the
10	Agency of Education.
11	(d) Report. On or before December 15, 2018, the Task Force shall present
12	to the House and Senate Committees on Education its findings concerning
13	optimum staff-to-student ratios, including optimum ratios for a variety of
14	school and school district sizes and configurations. The Task Force shall
15	include in its report a recommendation as to whether staff-to-student target
16	ratios should be included in statute for fiscal year 2021.
17	(e) Meetings.
18	(1) The Secretary of Education or designee shall call the first meeting of
19	the Task Force to occur on or before July 1, 2018.
20	(2) The Task Force shall select a chair from among its members at the
21	first meeting.

1	(3) The Task Force shall cease to exist on December 31, 2018.
2	(f) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Task Force who are
3	not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated
4	or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation
5	and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more
6	than ten meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to
7	the Agency of Education.
8	(g) Appropriation. The sum of \$7,320.00 is appropriated from the General
9	Fund to the Agency of Education to provide funding for the purposes set forth
10	in this section.
11	* * * Effective Dates; Transition for Secs. H.1–H.24 * * *
12	Sec. H.24 EFFECTIVE DATES AND TRANSITION
13	This act shall take effect on passage, except:
14	(1) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. H.1-H.6 (income tax
15	changes) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2018 and apply to taxable
16	year 2018 and after.
17	(2) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. H.7 (income tax link to the
18	federal tax statutes) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2018 and apply
19	to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2017 and after.
20	(3) Secs. H.8–H.9 (General Fund and Education Fund revenues) shall
21	take effect on July 2, 2018 and apply to fiscal year 2019 and after. It is the

1	intent of the General Assembly that the changes in Secs. H.8 and H.9 of this
2	act shall take effect notwithstanding any provisions passed in the fiscal year
3	2019 appropriations act to the contrary.
4	(4) Secs. H.10–H.12 (calculation of spending-adjusted property tax
5	rates) shall take effect on July 1, 2018 and apply to fiscal year 2019 and after,
6	except that:
7	(A) for fiscal year 2019 only, the base spending amount shall be
8	<u>\$10,150.00.</u>
9	(B) for fiscal year 2020 only, the base spending amount shall be
10	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 35 percent of
11	what it would otherwise be calculated to be;
12	(C) for fiscal year 2021 only, the base spending amount shall be
13	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 40 percent of
14	what it would otherwise be calculated to be;
15	(D) for fiscal year 2022 only, the base spending amount shall be
16	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 45 percent of
17	what it would otherwise be calculated to be;
18	(E) for fiscal year 2023 only, the base spending amount shall be
19	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 50 percent of
20	what it would otherwise be calculated to be;

1	(F) for fiscal year 2024 only, the base spending amount shall be
2	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 60 percent of
3	what it would otherwise be calculated to be;
4	(G) for fiscal year 2025 only, the base spending amount shall be
5	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 70 percent of
6	what it would otherwise be calculated to be;
7	(H) for fiscal year 2026 only, the base spending amount shall be
8	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 80 percent of
9	what it would otherwise be calculated to be; and
10	(I) for fiscal year 2027 only, the base spending amount shall be
11	calculated as if the amount under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(17)(C) was 90 percent of
12	what it would otherwise be calculated to be;
13	(5) Sec. H.13 (yield, base applicable percentage, and nonresidential rate
14	for fiscal year 2019) shall take effect on July 1, 2018 and apply to fiscal year
15	<u>2019 only.</u>
16	(6) Secs. H.14–H.15 (property tax bills), and H.18–H.20 (repeal of
17	excess spending) shall take effect on July 1, 2018 and apply to fiscal year 2019
18	and after.
19	(7) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. H.16–H.17 (calculation of
20	property tax adjustments) shall take effect retroactively to the taxable year

- 1 <u>starting January 1, 2017 and apply to property tax adjustment claims filed for</u>
- 2 fiscal year 2019 (claim year 2018) and after.